## **SPSO decision report**



Case:	201801992, Ayrshire and Arran NHS Board
Sector:	health
Subject:	clinical treatment / diagnosis
Decision:	upheld, recommendations

## Summary

Ms C complained about the care and treatment her husband (Mr A) received from the board at University Hospital Crosshouse. Ms C complained that there was a delay in diagnosing and treating Mr A's squamous cell carcinoma (a type of cancer of the skin's cells). Mr A had been under the care of the board, as he had a suspicious area of damage on his tongue. Mr A was later diagnosed with cancer in his tongue, which had spread to his neck. Mr A's cancer appeared to have been successfully treated with surgery and chemo-radiotherapy (where drugs and high-energy waves are used to treat cancer cells), however, Mr A's cancer was later found to have returned and spread further. Mr A died of widespread cancer later that year.

We took independent advice from a consultant ear, nose and throat (ENT) and head & neck surgeon. We found that there was an unreasonable delay in telling Mr A he might have cancer in his tongue and in carrying out surgery on Mr A's tongue, once the decision to treat it had been made. We also found that when Mr A later complained of pain in his shoulder, this should have been noted in his medical records and it was not. Therefore, we upheld Ms C's complaint.

## Recommendations

What we asked the organisation to do in this case:

• Apologise to Ms C for the failings identified in Mr A's care and treatment. The apology should meet the standards set out in the SPSO guidelines on apology available at: www.spso.org.uk/leaflets-and-guidance.

What we said should change to put things right in future:

- Patients suspected to have cancer should receive prompt treatment once the decision to treat has been made.
- The board should ensure that there is appropriate recording of reported symptoms at clinic appointments.